

These select priority health indicators from <u>www.CityHealthDashboard.com</u> for Springfield, MO and Lexington, KY provide an overview of health outcomes and the community factors that contribute to the overall health of the community, as well as illuminate opportunities for improvement.

| Comparing Springfield and Lexington  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
|  | Springfield, MO                               | Lexington, KY                              |
| Overall Score  | 51.8  | 61.3                                       |
| The green bars are a calculated score from 1 (worst) to 100 (best) among the 500 largest cities in the U.S. with a collection of data—not all indicators which make up that score are included in this document. |   |  |
| Clinical Care  | 42.1  | 68.2                                       |
| Prenatal care  | 70%   | 80%  |
|  | Births for which pre                          | enatal care began in the first trimester   |
| Health Behavior  | 52.0  | 57.6                                       |
| Physical inactivity  | 28%   | 25%  |
| · · · ·  | No leisure-time physical act                  | ivity in past month among adults $\geq$ 18 |
| Smoking  | 25%   | 21%  |
|  | ·   | Current smoking among adults ≥ 18          |
| Health Outcomes  | 53.3  | 59.4                                       |
| Cardiovascular disease deaths  | 227.0   | 169.3                                      |
|  | ·   | Per 100,000 population                     |
| Frequent mental distress   | 16%   | 13%  |
| Mer  | ntal health not good for $\geq$ 14 days durin | ig the past 30 days among adults ≥18       |
| Life expectancy  | 77.6  | 78.0                                       |
|  |   | Average life expectancy at birth           |
| Obesity  | 32%   | 32%  |
|  |   | Among adults ≥ 18                          |
| Opioid overdose deaths   | 17.8  | 27.4                                       |
|  |   | Per 100,000 population                     |
| Physical Environment   | 45.5  | 45.0                                       |
| Park access  | 46%   | 52%  |
|  | Population living w                           | ithin a 10-minute walk of green space      |
| Limited access to healthy foods  | 73%   | 71%  |
| · · · · ·  | half-mile from the nearest supermark          |  |
| Walkability  | 38.4  | 34.2                                       |
| 5  | borhood amenities accessible by walki         | · ·  |
| Social and Economic Factors  | 57.4  | 72.1                                       |
| Children in Poverty  | 30%   | 23%  |
| Children living in households on or above the federal poverty line   |   |  |
| High school graduation   | 88%   | 88%  |
|  | · · · ·                                       | within four years of entering 9th grade    |
| Income Inequality  | -29.9   | -9.2                                       |
|  | e extremes of the national income distr       | •  |
| Third-grade reading proficiency  | 52%   | 55%  |
| Th   | nird-graders who score "proficient" or a      | bove in reading on standardized tests      |